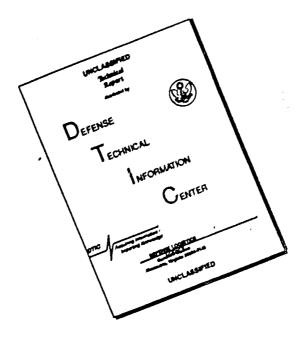
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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL WASHINGTON, D.C. 20310

AGDA (H)

(14 May 70)

FOR OT UT 701139

19 May 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, Headquarters, 14th Engineer Battalion, Period Ending 31 January 1970

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Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation in accordance with paragraph 4b, AR 525-15. Evaluations and corrective actions should be reported to ACSFOR OT UT, Operational Reports Branch, within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.

Information contained in this report is provided to insure appropriate benefits in the future from lessons learned during current operations and may be adapted for use in developing training material.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

l Incl

Jenneth G. Naickham KENNETH G. WICKHAM

Major General, USA The Adjutant General



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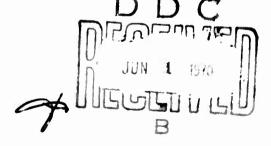
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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY HEADQUARTERS, 14TH ENGINEER BATTALION (COMBAT) APO San Francisco 96495

2G. 2-5B-3

31 January 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report of 14th Engineer Battalion (Combat) for Priod inding 31 January 1970, ROSFOR-65(R1)

MIRU.

Commanding Officer 45th Engineer Group 200 36308

Commanding General 18th Engineer Brigade I.T-III. LVEC--C .PO 96377

Commanding General United States Army, Viotnam ATM. AVIGC-DST APC 95375

Commander in Chief United States Army, Pacific ATTN: GPCP-DT APO 96558

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development Dopartment of the Army (ACSFOR DA) Washington, DC 20310

1. Section 1, Operations: Significant Activities

The headquarters of the 14th Engineer Battalion (Combat) has been located at PSE Nancy throughout the reporting period. During the quarter the battalien had units deployed from the DMZ to Phu Bai, a distance of approximately 90 kilometers. Gunpad and bunker construction at Fire Sup-

FOR OT UT 701139 Inclosure

part because pionear road construction and several short duration combat support missions have be not the primary missions. During the reporting partial the weather had a detrimental effect on mission accomplishment. From 1 How to 31 Jan the area of operations received 32.4 inches of rain and benefitted from only 28 non-rainy days.

.m.my activity increased substantially during the period, and totalled 1 amoush, 3 smiper incidents,2 mortar fire incidents, 11 rocket fire incidents, and 30 mines located. Results were; 2 VC MIA, 2 US KIA, 13 US MIA, and 17 pieces of equipment damaged or destroyed. Increased procautions necessary to counter enoug activity had an adverse effect on productivity principally on the road to FSB Barbara project.

The demand for air support (helicoptors) to properly demand, control, and supply the numerous projects continued to intensify. A suitable arrangement combining logistical air support from the 101st ABN DIV (ADL) and command and control air support from the 45th Angr Gp (Const) aviation section anabled the battalien to operate very efficiently at several remote project sites. For example during the month of January alone the battalien utilized 2 CH54 sorties, 63 CH47 sorties, 40 UH-1 sorties, and 35 Ranger, LOH, and H-23 serties. The dellar value of this support at schedule rates totals \$59,000.

A considerable increase in manhours devoted to minesweep operations occurred this quarter. Increased mining activity by the enemy forced the use of minesweep teams to support the majority of the projects. Read clearing, clearing of areas reported through intelligence gathering, response to emergency mining incidents, and combat support minesweeps complimented the normal daily minesweep requirements. Total manhours devoted to minesweeps reached 13,300 during the quarter.

During the quarter, the battalien conducted 83 1/2 days of operations and 7 days of training, and devoted 1 1/2 days to annual holidays.

The CP of A/14 was located at Quang Tri throughout the reporting paried. To accomplish the missions required of A/14 tailoring of the plateons was considered. Operational Support at FSB A-4 and continued Duel Blade (large steel and reinforced ecnorate bunkers) construction at FSB A-2 and FSB C-1 were tasks requiring significant manpower. It was decided to develope two full strength plateons and commit one to each project. The remaining personnel, which consisted of approximately two squads were utilized for minoswe ps and combat support. This system worked well as special, short notice combat support missions were handled by the support plateon, allowing complete continuity of effort by the other plateons. The small plateen was augmented with equipment not required at the two primary work sites allowing them to work on read projects and rook hauling missions which required few supervisory personnel.

A resume of accomplishments by A/14 during reporting period is as follows:

1. Completed 8 Dual Blade bunkers at FMB A-2 which concluded construction at that site.

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- 2. Completed 24 Duol Blade bunkers at F3B C-1.
- 3. Constructed 11 living bunkers, 2 FDC's,8 ammunition bunkers, and repaired entrances to 8 existing bunkers at FSB A-4.
- 4. Constructed a 56' x 72' Tactical Operations Center for 8/4th Artillary, Dong Ha.
- 5. Completed 400 LF of 5' high revetments at 45th Engineer Group (Const), Phu Bai.
 - 6. Conducted soil-coment stabilization test at FSB A-4.
- 7. Supported 4 separate combat operations with minesweep teams and bulldezers.
 - 3. Upgraded 4.8 km of road from I-1 to LZ Sharon.
 - 9. Constructed a 25' x 25' platform for radar at FSB C-1.

The CP of B/14 was located at quang Tri throughout the reporting puriod. The principal missions included continued major artillery base camp construction at Camp Carroll, bunker and tower construction for a radar facility adjacent to Camp Carroll, construction of a 60 foot class 50 timber bridge, land clearing for 1st ARVN Division, and construction of heavy gun pads at LZ Sharen.

Construction of living bunkers and propellent and projectile bunkers at Camp Carroll occupied the majority of B/14 personnel during the reporting period. Nork site conditions were extremely muddy due to the measure rains and it was decided that a profabrication yard for timber bunkers could be set up in the rear area to expedite construction. Up to that time materials were cut on site and living bunkers were requiring 6 days to construct, and propellant and projectile bunkers took approximately 4 days each. After the prefabrication yard was developed, the procut components were delivered to the site and construction time was improved considerably. Living bunkers now take approximately three days and propellant and projectile bunkers 2 days each to build.

The tower on Nui Kiem, adjacent to Camp Carroll, was an interesting construction problem because the hill was relatively inaccessible to trucks and the available working space prodicted on site construction. It was decided to construct the tower in Quang Tri where materials and personnel were available and air lift the completed tower into place. A CH-54 flying crane provided the air support and the move was quite successful.

A class 60 bridge was required to allow armored vehicles access to a vital area of operations. Seasonal rains made the access reads usable by tracked vehicles only. Due to the urgency of the mission, an alternate plan was made and a D7E bulldozor was used as a materials expeditor. Pil:s and timbers were rigged to slide on skids and were towed to the work site. A rough terrain erane and pile driver were pulled to the site and the bridge was successfully completed in two weeks.

The most unique project tasked B/14 was a land clearing mission for the 1st ARVN Division. An area north of Cua Vict on the coast of the South China Sea needed clearing but was too wet to be handled by bulldosers. A 20 can force from B/14 equipped with axes, chain saws and demolitions moved into the area and in 7 days element those areas a bulldoser could not negotiate.

- L resume of recomplishments of B/14 during the reporting nuried is as follows:
 - 1. Constructed 1, 60 foot, class 50 bridge.
- 2. Constructed 4 gumpads, 7 powder bunkers, 7 propollant bunkers, 17 living bunkers, and 1 operations bunker at Camp Carroll.
- 3. Constructed 2 personnel bunkers, reinfered an existing bunker, and erected a 35 foot tower at Nui Kiem.
- 4. Provided supervision for construction of Ai Tu Children's Hospital, Quang Tri.
 - 5. Cleared 22 seros of land by hand.
 - 6. Constructed 4 heavy gunrads at LZ Sharon.
- 7. Removed 100 LF of revetment to allow removal of communications vans from a reveted bunker complex. Dong Ha.
- 8. Conducted test on practicability of reusing steel revoluents by disassembling and reassembling a 20 foot section.
 - 9. Constructed 50' x 70' TCC, 1/61 Inf, Quang Tri.

The CP of C/14 was located at FSB Nancy through-out the reporting period. During this quarter C/14 has been responsible for completing the piencer trace from FSB Nancy to FSB Barbara, relocating the defensive perimeter at Cua Vi t, constructing projectile and propellent bunkers for an entillery Battery at FSB Nancy, constructing drainage structures on the road to Barbara, and upgrading of 12 km of Rt 555A.

The pioneer trace to FSB Barbara proved to be a fermidable task during the mensoon season. A plateen from C/14 remained in night defensive positions (HDP's) along the trace from 1 November to 23 December. Side hill cuts and extremely steep slopes, combined with rainy weather, made rapid progress difficult. On 23 December the trace was completed and an every nd route established from FSB Nancy to FSB Barbara. The plateen was then withdrawn from the field.

The next major decision was to determine the best way to accelerate the upgrading of the pioneer trace. Due to the fact that many tasks in several locations along the trace were required, it was decided to the ngo from the NDP concept and deliberately open the read each day with a minesweep team and security. C Co was tasked to complete all required drainage structures, and is currently engressed in this task.

A common problem with thetical roads is that hastily constructed drainage structures do not hold up during heavy rains. In an effort to FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

overcome this problem it was decided to make a more permanent structure. A river run rock source in the proximity of the Barbara road was located through reconnaissance. Capitalising on this asset, the culverts installed are being back filled with mixed in place concrete and thoroughly competed. Special attention is given the upstream side of the sulverts and a rock-coment slope is developed. It is intended that this design will withstead herey immedation and evertopping without significant damage.

C/14 has winteined a plateon sixed force which responds to a wide variety of missions. During the reporting period special minesweeps, appropriate repair, reaction force for enemy attacks, and base defense construction occupied this element.

G/14 was given the unique mission to construct a bunker on top of FSB Singe, a forward fire base inaccessible by read. To build the bunker, a suitable spice had to be excavated from the side of the mountain. A detailed plan was devised and all required materials were product and rigged for cirlift. An air compressor was also cirlifted so that product digning devices could assist in excavation. The project was completed in 10 days.

Progress on Rt 555A was minimal due to honvy rains.

- A resume of accomplishments by C/14 Juring the reporting poriod is as follows:
 - 1. Completed a 17 km pione or trace from FSB Namey to FSB Barbara.
 - 2. Reorganised as infantry and conducted two counterattacks.
 - 3. Completed 4 major drainage structures on Barbara road.
- 4. Constructed 4 propollent bunkers and 4 projectile bunkers for 2/94th intillery, FSB Nancy.
 - 5. Constructed 22' x 10' x 8' bunker for 40th Commo Det at Quang Tri.
 - 6. Constructed 200 LF of helicopter revotments.
 - 7. Responded to 6 short term emergency road repair missions.
 - 8. Provided 12 special mineswops.
 - 9. Conducted daily minesweeps.
- 10. Constructed a 10' \times 16' \times 8' bunker and observation tower at PSB Sarge.

The CP of D/14 was located at Gamp Evans throughout the reporting period. The primary missions assigned were OV-10 revoluent construction at Gamp Evans, 12 kilometers of perimeter read at Gamp Evans, 15 km of pioneer read construction from Gamp Evans to FSB Rekkasan, and importantillary base construction at FSB Barbara.

The project requiring the cost planning and resourcefulness was operational construction at FSB Earbera. The scope of work includes 4 heavy gun pais, 4 projectile bunkers, 4 propellant bunkers, 11 living bunkers, 1 FDC, and 1 XO post. No overland supply was aveilable, A plan was devised whereby all bunkers and gumped timbers would be pro-out, riggod for helilift, and taken to FSB Berbere by CH-47. A design for a heavy gun pad was developed which could be made without concrete ndxor, pile driver, and other heavy equipment normally associated with gun pad construction. A detailed survey of the hill mass ellowed exervation planning to be quite precise. Two DTE bulldosers which completed the pioneer trace to FSP Barbara remained to support this operation. Construction was initiated on 26 December. On 31 January 4 gun pads, 3 projectile bunkers, 3 propellant bunkers, and 3 living bunkers have been completed, and 31,500 cubic yerds of fill have been excavated. A Navy tractor from 1 CB10 equipmed with back hoe and front loader, was airlifted to the construction site and proved most valuable.

D/14 worked diligently on the pionocr trace to FSB Rakkasan and were within 150 meters of completing the trace when the enemy situation nocessitated abandoning the Night Defensive Position and the unit returned to Camp Evans. Upon return, D/14 began upgrading the 5 km trace from Camp Evans to FSB Jack to enhance mobility of heavy artillary to that site.

A resume of accomplishments of D/14 during the reporting period is as follows:

- 1. Constructed 400 LF of 10' high revotuents.
- 2. Placed 24,000 square foot of MBA1 textimy and apron.
- 3. Pion ored 15 km of trace from Comp Evans to FSB Rokkasan.
- 4. Upgraled 5 km of pioneer road from Camp Evans to FSB Jack.
- 5. Upgraded 12 km of parimeter road, Camp Evens.
- 6. Constructed a 20' x 32' x 8' command bunker at FSB Maney.
- 7. Constructed 4 heavy gun pads, 3 propollant bunkers, 3 projectile bunkers and 3 living bunkers at FSB Barbare.
 - 8. Provided daily minesweeps.
- 9. Participated in 2 combet support missions, providing special min success and bulldoser support.

The 630th LE Company remained atteched to 14th EBC throughout the reporting period. The 630th was instrumental in completing read construction of Rt 560 and is principly responsible for upgrading the pioneer trace from FSB Nancy to FSB Barbara. In addition, the 630th supported all horizontal construction efforts throughout the battalian.

The 59th Land Clearing Company (59LCC) remained under operational control of the 14th EBC during most of the quarter. At the beginning of the reporting period this unit was clearing land west of Carp Evens. This was completed on 17 Nov and then naintenance stand down from 18 Nov to 5 Dec was conflucted. Then 59LCC moved on masse to vicinity FSB C-2 and began also ring a 6000 acro area for 1/5 hoch. During this quarter 59LCC has alread approximately 6945 acros. A significant problem was the frequency of mining incidents in the vicinity of FSB C-2. Four desers were heavily denoted by mines and a total of 7 mines were detenated by bull-desers. No injuries resulted from these incidents.

2. Section 2, Lessens Learned: Correnders Observations, Evaluations, and Recommendations.

a. Personnol:

- (a) Observation: The reduction of 96 personnel from the authorised manning level of the battalien, brought about by reduced manning levels throughout Engineer Troops in Viet Nan emised realignments.
- (b) Evaluation: An everhead saving solution would be to reduce one company to zero strength, but this was rejected because of the unknown duration of the reduction, because of officer personnel utilisetien and training considerations, and because of the considerable need for maximum command and control elements required for our many different project locations. Instead one plateon pur company was drawn down, and companies were accordingly tasked with only two major projects apices. The bestail plateon was utilised on combat support and minusuceps, on company pre-cutting yards and on small jobs.
 - (c) Recommendations: Not used.
 - b. Operations:
 - (1) Capping Revetments
- (a) Observation: Sand-concut caps on revotaents tend to crack as settlement occurs in the fill.
- (b) Evaluation: The design for holicopter revetuents currently used incorporates timber A-frame braces, recfing tin sides, earth fill, and a cap. The cap is built immediately after back filling is completed. When a sand-count cap is used, in a short time the fill settles allowing the cap to crack and creating a dust problem.
- (e) Recommendations Utilise a roofing tin cap in lique of sand-conont. Several advantages accrue for a tin cap is casior to construct, water proof, and permanent.
 - (2) Flonger Road constructions
- (a) Observation: Numerous time consuming false start traces occur when pioneering a new trace in heavy jungle growth.

- (b) Evaluation: When pioneoring through thick jungle it is very difficult to judge precisely the best location of the trace. Often clearing is receplished along what appears to be suitable ridgeline or siddle but a significant obstacle frequently is encountered, and now direction must be chosen.
- (c) Recommendation: Provide the OIC of the road construction force sufficient helicopter support so that he can better see the best route and can continually plan sheed in an effort to minimise false starts.

(3) Frefabrication of standard bunkers:

- (a) Observation: On site cutting of veterials for standard bunkers has caused dolays in construction.
- (b) Evaluation: A combination of poor working conditions, inaccessibility of maintenance facilities and parts for power saws, and spondic production of necessary timbers has delayed construction effort at sites where significant timber cutting is required. When a rear profabrication yard was established so that product, ready to assemble timbers could be delivered to the site, a 50% increase in productivity was realized. Another important factor is that when air lifting materials to work sites, prefabricated loads eliminate houling any waste materials to the site.
- (c) Recommendation: Prefebrication sites in rear areas near natural facilities and naturals should be established for projects requiring construction of a large number of standard size timber structures.
 - (4) Brok-Frok vs Vohiclo Founted radios.
- (a) Observation: Work site crews with only vehicle mounted radios often cannot properly respond to enony attacks.
- (b) Evaluations Vehicle mounted radios are imperative for command and control but are inadequate in areas where anbushes or sniper fire will cause evacuation from the vehicle. The back-pack radio gives required floxibility to measurer and respond to enemy activity.
- (c) Recommendation: Ensure Engineer personnel at work sites in contested areas do not become dependent on vehicle mounted radies. And bush tratics and sniper fire accumulty cause personnel to abandon vehicles and no back-up communications would be available. A back-pack radio available to the OIC/NCOIC is imporative.
 - c. Trainings none

d. Intolligonce:

(a) Observations The use of novement and accoustic sensors in areas adjacent to FSB Barbera has given effective early warning of enemy novements, and has contributed to the effectiveness of our base and ambush defense.

- (b) Engineer units are not normally trained in nor issued sonsors. We have acquired ours by linison and persuasion justified by our base defense and read construction responsibilities.
- (c) Recommendations: Engineer brigades be provided sensors and sensor training teams, for use as needed.
 - e. Logistics: none
 - f. Organisation: none
 - g. Other: horale:
- (a) Observations The publication of change 1 to AR 10-6, changing the Corps of Engineers from a Combat Arm to a Combat Support Arm, has had a serious impact on the morals and notivation of my experiented Officers.
- (b) Evaluations Casualties taken, risks involved, tasks performed, and comparison with, in particular, the artillery, makes the change appear most unjust. It further threatens to lead to discrimination in assignment and school selections in the future. It has made by more ambitious and better officers consider seriously changing branches or leaving the service.
- (c) Recommendation: AR10-6 be changed once again to restablish the Corps of Engineers as a Combat Arm.

2 Incl

DRAKE WILSON LTC, CE Convending

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EGD-3 (31 Jan 70) 1st Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report of the 1/th Engineer Battalion (Combat) for the Period Ending 31 January 1970 (RCS CSFOR-65)

DA, Headquarters, 45th Engineer Group (Const), APO 96308

TU: Commanding General, 18th Engineer Brigade, ATTN: AVB ?- C, APO 96377

- 1. The Operational Report Lessons Learned of the 14th Engineer Battalion (Combat) has been reviewed by this headquarters and is considered to be an excellent account of the 14th Engineer Battalion's activities during the reporting period ending 31 January 1970.
- 2. I concur with the observations and recommendations of the Battalion Commander.

WILLIAM R. WRAY

COL, CE Commending AVEC-OP (31 Jan 70) 2nd Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report - Lessons Learned, 14th Engineer Eattalion (Combat), Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2)

Da, HEADQUARTERS, 18TH ENGINEER BILICADE, APO 96377 21 MAR 1970

- TO: Commanding General, U.S. Army Vietnam, ATTN: AVHGC-DST, APO 96375
- 1. This Headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report Lessons Learned for the 14th Engineer Battalion (Combat), as indorsed by the 45th Engineer Group (Construction). The report is considered to be an accurate account of the Battalion's activities during the reporting period.
- 2. This Headquarters concurs with the observations and recommendations of the Battalion and Group Commanders, with the following comments added:

Reference: Section 2, item d. Concur. The Defense Communication Planning Group at NACV has been requested by this Headquarters to provide a liaison team for the purpose of briefing Group and Battalion Commanders concerning the use and availability of sensor devices. According to LT Levitsky of DCPG, the team will be available to make on-site visits to evaluate the requirement and suitability of sensor employment at specific locations. LT Levitsky indicated that sensor devices are available on an urgency of need basis. Sensor training is conducted at the Vung Tau Training Facility. Three individuals of the Brigade have recently attended this training and there are presently three additional allocations available to the Brigade.

Colonel, CE Acting Commander

CF:

1 - CO, 45th Engr Gp 1 - CO, 14th Engr Bn

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AVHGC-DST (31 Jan 70) 3d Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report of 14th Engineer Battalion (Combat) for Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCSFOR-65 (R2)

Headquarters, United States Army, Vietnam, APO San Francisco 96375 12 APR 1970

TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army, Pacific, ATTN: GFOR-DT, APO 96558

- 1. This headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the quarterly period ending 31 January 1970 from Headquarters, 14th Engineer Battalion (Combat) and concurs with the comments of indorsing headquarters.
- 2. Reference item concerning "Morale", page 9, paragraph g: nonconcur. The primary mission of an Engineer Battalion (Combat) is to increase combat effectiveness at Corps and Army level by means of engineer combat support and general engineer work. Change 1 to AR 10-6 may have initially caused a morale problem among younger officers but the change in the Corps of Engineers' classification adequately describes its mission. No action by DA or USARPAC is recommended.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

CF:

14th Engr Bn

MAJ, AGC

Assistant Adjutant General 18th Engr Bde

GPOP-DT (31 Jan 70) 4th Ind SUBJECT: Operational Report of HQ, 14th Engineer Battalion (Combat) for Period Ending 31 January 1970, RCS CSFOR-65 (R2)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 17 APR 70

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

. D. CLINE

O'S'Cleve

CLT, AGO

Asst AG

PGD-BB-3

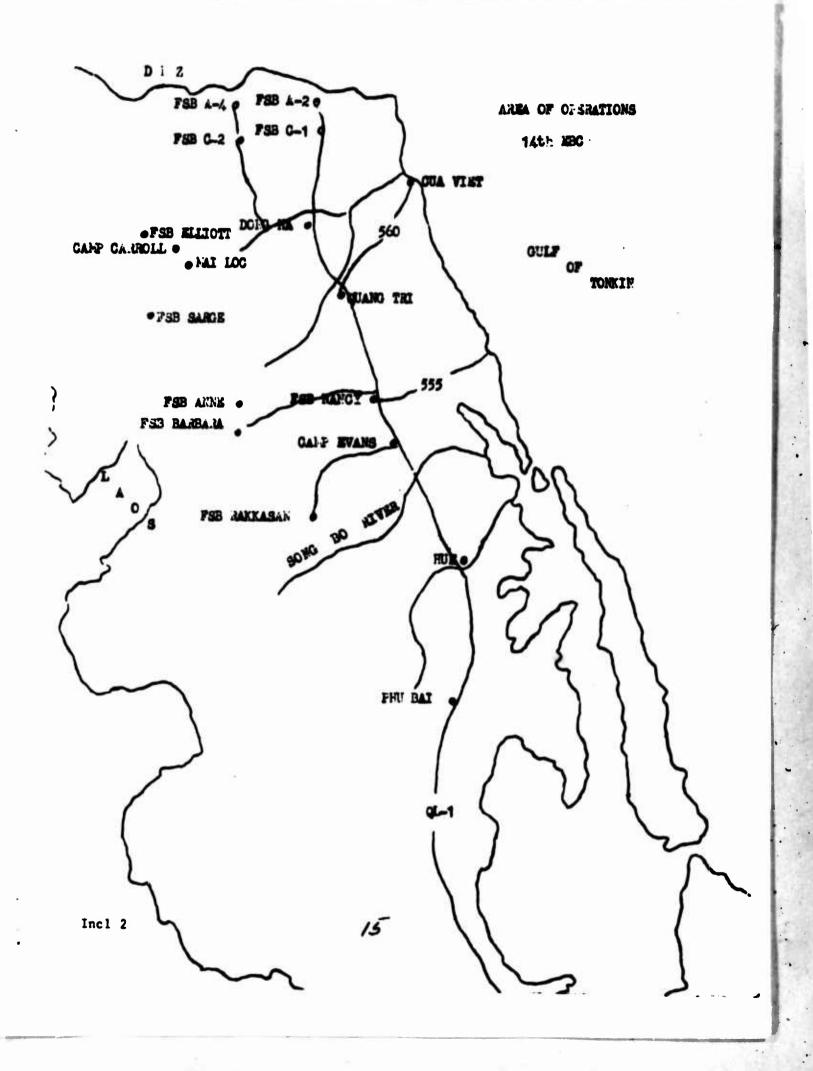
31 January 1970

SUBJECT: Operational Report-Lessons Learned RCS CSFOR-65 (R1) for Quarterly Period Ending 31 January 1970

- 1. Headquarters and Headquarters Company
- 2. Four Engineer Companies (.., B, C, and D)
- 3. 630th Engineer Corpany (Light Equipment)
- 4. 50th Engineer Company (Land Clearing)

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Experiences of unit engaged in counterinsurgency operations, 1 Nov 69 to 31 Jan 70.			
CO, 14th Engineer Battalion			
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